**Британські традиції**

**Обладнання:** текст, таблиця, підручник.

**Хід уроку**

**І.  Уведення в урок**

**T.** Aim Today we have the last lesson on our topic “British Traditions”. So we’ll read and translate texts, practise in asking questions, make up stories of your own, learn a lot of interesting facts.

**Warming up**

**T.** Let’s listen to the very famous poem.

Should auld acquaintance be forgot  
And never brought to mind?  
Should auld acquaintance be forgot  
And days of auld langsyne?  
For auld langsyne, my dear,  
For auld langsyne.  
We‘ll take a cup of kindness yet  
For auld langsyne.  
And here‘s a hand, my trusty friend,  
And take a hand of thine,  
We‘ll take a cup of kindness yet  
For auld langsyne.

**T.** Now, here’s the translation of this poem

Забути нам старулюбов  
І не згадатиїї?  
Забути нам старулюбов  
Й давно минулідні?  
За дружбу цю давай до дна,  
За тіщасливідні,  
З тобою вип’ємо вина  
За тіщасливідні.  
Де, дружемій, твоя рука?  
Подай їїмені.  
Піднімемкелиха вина  
За тіщасливідні.

**T.** Please, answer my questions

•   Who wrote this poem?

•   Is it a song?

•   When do people sing this song?

•   Where was Robert Burns born?

**II.  Основначастина**

**T.** Check up your hometask was ex. 94 p. 76. Let’s check how you prepared this exercise

•   Imagine that you are a guide. Tell people about Whitehall.

•   You were in London during your summer holidays. Tell where you were and what you saw.

•   You are going to London in summer. Tell us what you would like to see there.

**Review**

We have already read the text about English traditions. I’ll read you lists of Words. Name me the holiday they are connected with.

•   Poet, Stratford-on-Avon, grave, flowers, April 23

•   Sweethearts, to choose, to send cards, February 14

•   Presents, family parties, festivals, December

•   Parties, chimes of Big Ben, midnight

•   Funny, jokes, something is wrong, to play

I see you know English holidays well. But Scottish holidays differ from English ones. Today you’ll learn some facts about them.

**Reading**

**T.** Here we have texts about Scottish traditions. Please, read and translate them. When you finish reading some pupils of each group change «Навчаючивчуся» — your places and tell the pupils from other group about all interesting facts you have learnt from these texts.

*Texts for the first group*

Highland Games May-September

Nearly every weekend in summer there are highland games somewhere in Scotland, but the biggest games are in Cowal. People from all over the world come to watch or to take part. Over three thousand bagpipes and drummers play all day and there is a wonderful atmosphere. There are highland dancing competitions as well as events like throwing or “tossing the caber”—throwing a large tree as far as possible. All the athletes wear traditional kilts.

Edinburgh Festival August

Edinburgh is famous allover the world for its arts festival. There is an official Festival for theatre, opera and classical music and a “Fringe” Festival where you can see a big variety of plays, concerts, dance performances and films. Finally, there is the Military Tatto, a parade, held in Edinburgh Castle.

*Texts for the second group*

Hogmanay 31, December

Scotland celebrates Hogmanay, New Year, with bagpipe music and dancing in the street throughout the night. At midnight there are fireworks and everyone sings “Auld langsyne”, a song by Robert Burns, a famous Scottish poet. Around the New Year period Scottish families go “first footing”, visiting the houses of friends and relatives to continue the celebrations.

Burns Night 25, January

Robert burns is Scotland’s national poet and Scottish people have a big dinner every year to celebrate his birthday. The dinner begins with the sound of bagpipes and the “haggis”, Scotland’s national dish, a kind of sausage made from the heart and other organs of a sheep. Then everyone reads poems and sings songs written by the great “Robbie Burns” himself.

*Post-reading task*

Tell what is true what is false.

1.  Hogmanay is the name the Scottish people use for Christmas.

2.  During the New Year period Scottish families visit their friends and relatives.

3.  Haggis, Scottish national dish, is a kind of sausage made from the heart and other organs of a pig

4.  Scotland is famous for its own culture.

5.  Scottish people have a big dinner every year to celebrate Robert Burns’ birthday.

6.  Nearly every weekend in summer there are highland games in Scotland.

7.  All the athletes wear sport costumes during the game.

8.  Edinburgh is famous for its arts festivals.

Answer my questions.

1.  When does Scotland celebrate New Year?

2.  How do they celebrate this holiday?

3.  What song do they sing at midnight?

4.  When do they celebrate Burns Night?

5.  What do they have on this day?

6.  How does the dinner begin?

7.  What are there nearly every weekend in summer?

8.  Where are the biggest games?

9.  How many bagpipes and drummers play all day?

10. What do all athletes wear?

11. Why is Edinburgh famous all over the world?

12. What festivals are there?

13. What can you see in a “Fringe” Festival?

14. What is there in Edinburgh Castle?

**T.** Imagine that you are in a TV studio. This group is in Scotland and this one is here in Ukraine. Ask each other questions about Scottish and Ukrainian traditions.

*For example*

— Hello, we are glad to see you. We’d like to ask you some questions. We want to know more about your country and its traditions.

— We’ll be happy to give you some information about our country but we want to ask you some questions too.

— What holidays do you celebrate in Scotland?

— We have many holidays in our country among them there are Hogmanay or New Year, Burns Night, Highland Games, Edinburgh Festival and so on. And what about you?

— We have New Year, Christmas, Easter and Independence day in our country. How do you celebrate New Year? Why do you call this holiday in such a way?...

— It was very interesting to speak to you. Thank you for telling about your traditions. Good-bye.

— Thank you too. Good-bye.

**Writing**

Here we have small tables. There are questions here. Write down your answers. Ask your friends to answer these questions and write down their answers too.

*Making up*

Have you finished? Now make up short stories using your and your stories friends’ answers.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **What does the word tradition associate with for you?** | **What is your favourite holiday in Ukraine?** | **What British holiday impressed you most of all?** | **What holiday would you like to celebrate in Great Britain?** |

|  |
| --- |
| **I** |
| **My friend** |
| **My friend** |

I wrote two words on the blackboard: England and Scotland. Please name words connected only with England or Scotland. Then go to the blackboard and write them down.

**III.Завершальначастинауроку**

**Homework**

Next Thursday we’ll have a control work. So revise vocabulary and grammar.

**Summarizing**

Look at the blackboard. Here we have a proverb.

*Метод “Мікрофон”*

The more you live, the more you see,

The more you see, the more you know.

So, what are the most important things you have learnt at today’s lesson?

Use words from the blackboard.

You worked well at our lesson. Your marks are...

The lesson is over. Good-bye.